



Profiling with HPCToolkit

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<http://hpctoolkit.org>



HPCToolkit Basic Features

- Run application natively (optimized) and every 100-200 times per second, interrupt program, unwind back to main(), record call stack, and combine these into a calling context tree (CCT).
- Combine sampling data with a static analysis of the program structure for loops and inline functions.
- Present top-down, bottom-up and flat views of calling context tree (CCT) and time-sequence trace view. Metrics are displayed per source line in the context of their call path.
- Can sample on Wallclock (itimer), POSIX timers and Hardware Performance Counters (Perf Events and PAPI events): cycles, flops, cache misses, etc.
- Note: always include -g in compile flags (plus optimization) for attribution to source lines.

HPC Toolkit Advanced Features

- Finely-tuned unwinder to handle multi-lingual, fully-optimized code, no frame pointers, broken return pointers, stack trolling, etc.
- Derived metrics -- compute flops per cycle, or flops per memory reads, etc. and attribute to lines in source code.
- Compute strong and weak scaling loss, for example:
strong: $8 * (\text{time at 8K cores}) - (\text{time at 1K cores})$
weak: $(\text{time at 8K cores and 8x size}) - (\text{time at 1K cores})$
- Load imbalance -- display distribution and variance in metrics across processes and threads.
- Blame shifting -- when thread is idle or waiting on a lock, blame the working threads or holder of lock.

Advanced Features (cont'd)

- **OpenMP parallel regions (in progress) — splice thread call paths onto master thread and identify work and idle (requires libomp replacement library).**
- **Inline sequences — show full inline sequence for C++ templates.**
- **Kernel BLOCKTIME event (new) — show time spent blocked inside kernel with Perf Events, eg, I/O, barrier, lock, etc.**

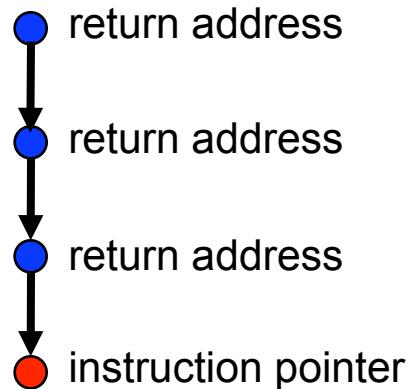
Call Path Profiling

Measure and attribute costs in context

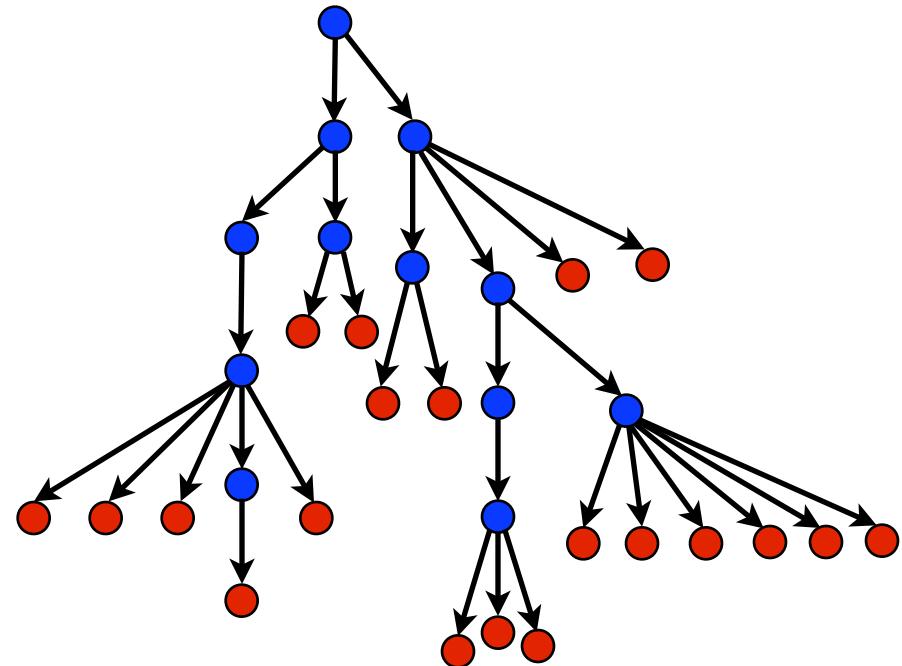
sample timer or hardware counter overflows

gather calling context using stack unwinding

Call path sample



Calling context tree



Overhead proportional to sampling frequency...
...not call frequency

Where to find HPCToolkit

- **Home site: user's manual, build instructions, links to source code, download viewers.**

<http://hpctoolkit.org/>

- **On theta, add to PATH:**

</projects/Tools/hpctoolkit/pkgs-theta/hpctoolkit/bin/>

- **Source code now on GitHub.**

<http://github.com/hpctoolkit>

`git clone https://github.com/hpctoolkit/hpctoolkit`

`git clone https://github.com/hpctoolkit/hpctoolkit-externals`

- **Send questions to:**

[hpctoolkit-forum at mailman.rice.edu](mailto:hpctoolkit-forum@mailman.rice.edu)

HPC Toolkit Quickstart

- **Unload Darshan module, edit Makefile, add hpmlink to front of final link line.**

`hpmlink cc file.o ...`

- **Run job with HPCRUN environment variables.**

`export HPCRUN_EVENT_LIST="event@period,..."`

`export HPCRUN_TRACE=1`

- **Run hpcstruct on program binary (for loops and inline).**

`hpcstruct program`

- **Run hpcprof to produce database.**

`hpcprof -S program.hpcstruct -I /path/to/source/tree/+ \`
`hpctoolkit-measurements-directory`

- **View results with hpcviewer and hpctraceviewer.**

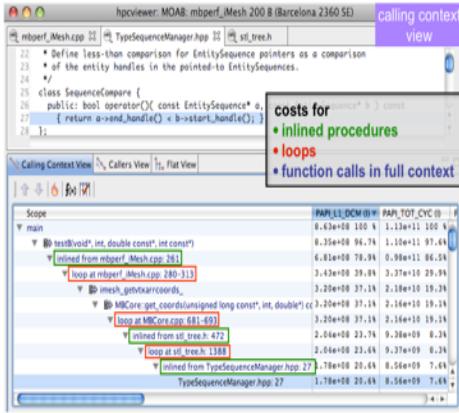
Running on Theta

- Add to PATH:
`/projects/Tools/hpctoolkit/pkgs-theta/hpctoolkit/bin/`
- On KNL, set sampling period to limit interrupts to about 100 per second. For example,
`REALTIME@10000`
`PAPI_TOT_CYC@14000000`
`CYCLES@f100`
- For large node counts (more than 50-100 nodes), reduce the process count for profiling with the following (or some other fraction).
`export HPCRUN_PROCESS_FRACTION=0.1`

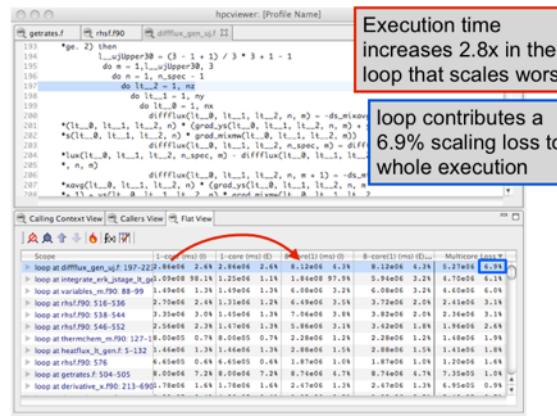
Using OpenMP Tools Library

- Use **hpmlink** from **hpctoolkit-ompt**. On theta,
</projects/Tools/hpctoolkit/pkgs-theta/hpctoolkit-ompt/bin/hpmlink>
- Compile with **-fopenmp**, but on **hpmlink** link line, replace **-fopenmp** with **libomp.a** from LLVM runtime. On theta,
</projects/Tools/hpctoolkit/pkgs-theta/openmp-runtime/lib/libomp.a>
- Add event **OMP_IDLE** (no number) plus time-based event: **REALTIME**, **PAPI_TOT_CYC** or **CYCLES**.
- Workarounds on theta to turn off thread affinity.
[aprun --cc none ...](#)
[export KMP_AFFINITY=none](#)

HPCToolkit Capabilities at a Glance



Attribute Costs to Code

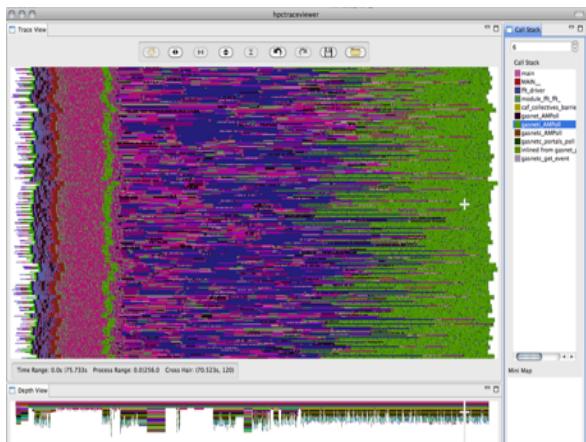


Execution time
increases 2.8x in the
loop that scales worst

loop contributes a
6.9% scaling loss to
whole execution

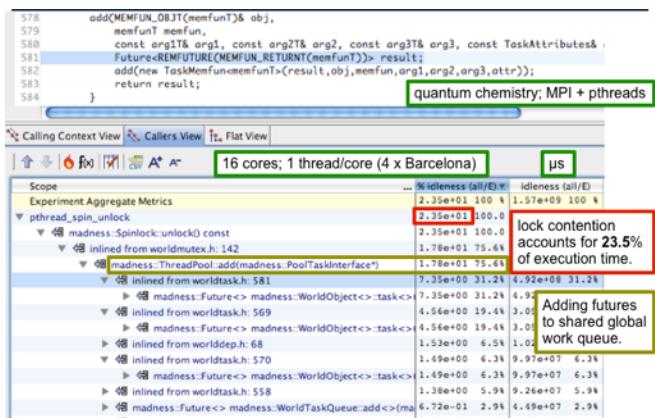


Assess Imbalance
and Variability



Analyze Behavior
over Time

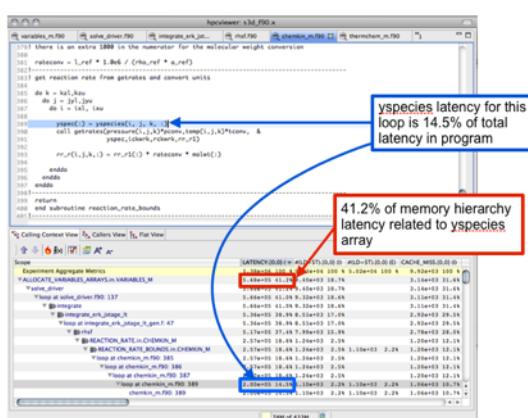
Pinpoint & Quantify
Scaling Bottlenecks



lock contention
accounts for 23.5%
of execution time.

Adding futures
to shared global
work queue.

Shift Blame from
Symptoms to Causes



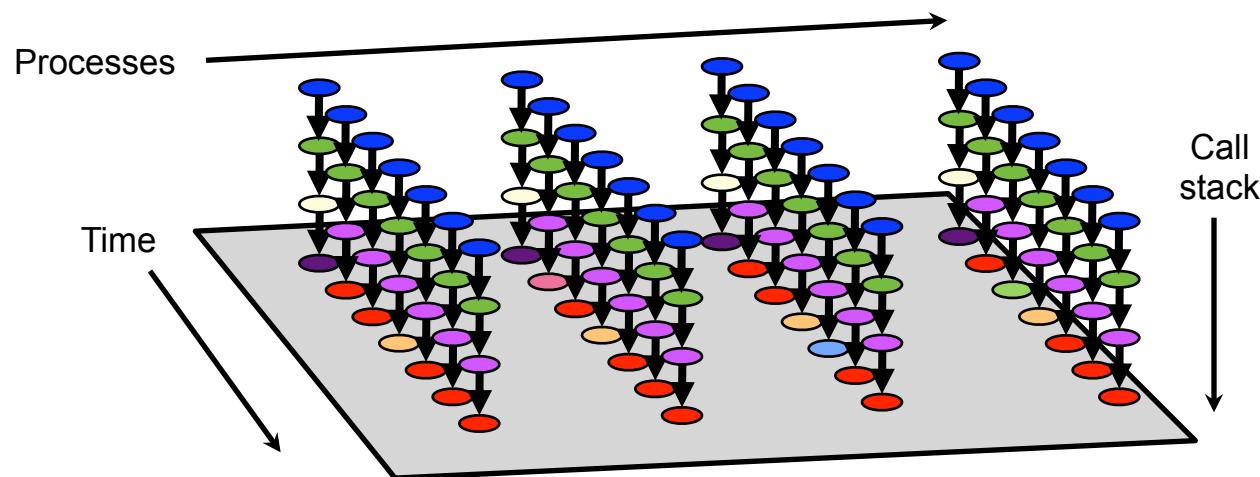
yspecies latency for this
loop is 14.5% of total
latency in program

41.2% of memory hierarchy
latency related to yspecies
array

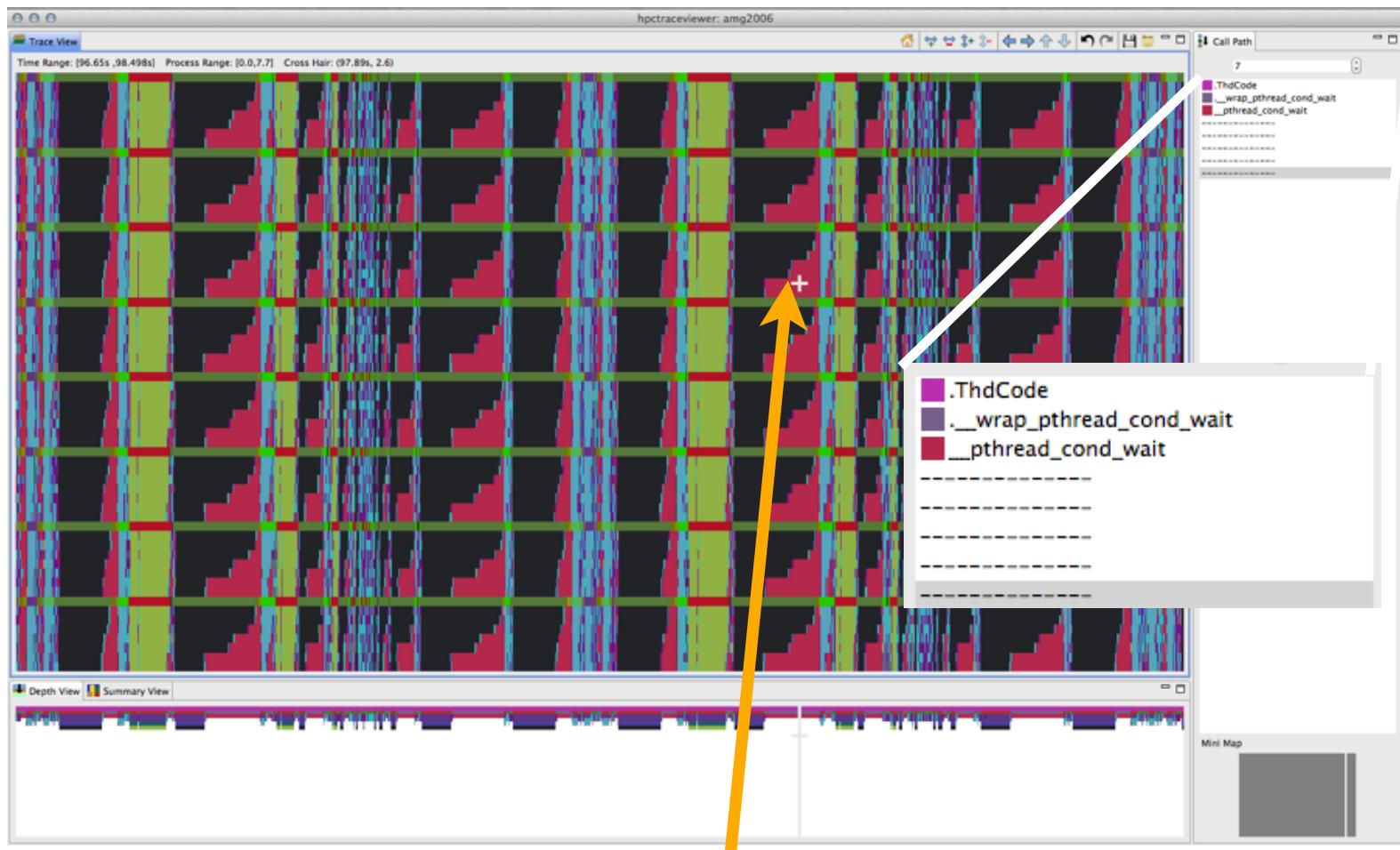
Associate Costs with Data

Understanding Temporal Behavior

- Profiling compresses out the temporal dimension
 - temporal patterns, e.g. serialization, are invisible in profiles
- What can we do? Trace call path samples
 - sketch:
 - N times per second, take a call path sample of each thread
 - organize the samples for each thread along a time line
 - view how the execution evolves left to right
 - what do we view?
assign each procedure a color; view a depth slice of an execution



AMG2006: 8PE x 8 OMP Threads



OpenMP loop in `hypre_BoomerAMGRelax` using static scheduling has load imbalance; threads idle for a significant fraction of their time

Code-centric view: `hypre_BoomerAMGRelax`

hpcviewer: amg2006

par_relax.c

```
1632 #define HYPRE_SMP_PRIVATE i
1633 #include "../utilities/hypre_smp_forloop.h"
1634     for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
1635         tmp_data[i] = u_data[i];
1636 #define HYPRE_SMP_PRIVATE i,ii,j,jj,ns,ne,res,rest,size
1637 #include "../utilities/hypre_smp_forloop.h"
1638     for (j = 0; j < num_threads; j++)
1639     {
1640         size = n/num_threads;
1641         rest = n - size*num_threads;
1642         if (j < rest)
1643         {
1644             ns = j*size+j;
1645             ne = (j+1)*size+j+1;
1646         }
1647         else
1648         {
1649             ns = j*size+rest;
1650             ne = (j+1)*size+rest;
1651         }
1652     }
```

Note: The highlighted OpenMP loop in `hypre_BoomerAMGRelax` accounts for only 4.6% of the execution time for this benchmark run. In real runs, solves using this loop are a dominant cost

across all instances of this OpenMP loop in `hypre_BoomerAMGRelax`

19.7% of time in this loop is spent idle w.r.t. total effort in this loop

Calling Context View Flat View

Scope WALLCLOCK (us):Sum (I) WALLCLOCK (us):Sum (E) idleness % work %

Scope	WALLCLOCK (us):Sum (I)	WALLCLOCK (us):Sum (E)	idleness %	work %
▶ hypre PCGSetup	6.81e+08	11.1%		
▶ HYPRE BoomerAMGSetup	6.81e+08	11.1%		
▶ hypre BoomerAMGSetup	6.81e+08	11.1%		
▶ .xlsmpParallelDoSetup TPO	3.77e+08	6.1%	3.20e+04 0.0%	2.35e+01 7.65e+01
▶ hypre BoomerAMGBuildCoarseOperator	3.16e+08	5.2%	1.44e+06 0.0%	4.80e+01 5.20e+01
▶ hypre BoomerAMGCoarsenFalgout	3.01e+08	4.9%	1.00e+03 0.0%	8.75e+01 1.25e+01
▼ hypre BoomerAMGRelax\$SOL\$24	2.81e+08	4.6%	2.81e+08 4.6%	1.97e+01 8.03e+01
▶ inlined from par_relax.c: 1638	2.81e+08	4.6%	2.00e+03 0.0%	1.97e+01 8.03e+01
▶ hypre BoomerAMGCoarsen	2.46e+08	4.0%	1.75e+08 2.9%	8.75e+01 1.25e+01
▶ hypre BoomerAMGBuildInternalSOL	1.22e+08	2.1%	1.22e+08 2.1%	4.15e+01 5.85e+01

Serial Code in AMG2006 8 PE, 8 Threads

hpcviewer: amg2006

par_relax.c

```
1632 #define HYPRE_SMP_PRIVATE i
1633 #include "../utilities/hypre_smp_forloop.h"
1634     for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
1635         tmp_data[i] = u_data[i];
1636 #define HYPRE_SMP_PRIVATE i,ii,j,jj,ns,ne,res,rest,size
1637 #include "../utilities/hypre_smp_forloop.h"
1638     for (j = 0; j < num_threads; j++)
1639     {
1640         size = n/num_threads;
1641         rest = n - size*num_threads;
1642         if (j < rest)
1643         {
1644             ns = j*size+j;
1645             ne = (j+1)*size+j+1;
1646         }
1647         else
1648         {
1649             ns = j*size+rest;
1650             ne = (j+1)*size+rest;
1651         }
1652     }
```

7 worker threads are idle in each process while its main MPI thread is working

Calling Context View Flat View

Scope	WALLCLOCK (us):Sum (I)	WALLCLOCK (us):Sum (E)	idleness %	work %
Experiment Aggregate Metrics	6.13e+09 100 %	6.13e+09 100 %	4.91e+01	5.09e+01
loop at binsearch.c: 78	3.64e+07 0.6%	3.64e+07 0.6%	8.74e+01	1.26e+01
loop at amg_linklist.c: 78	8.47e+06 0.1%	8.47e+06 0.1%	8.75e+01	1.25e+01
loop at amg_linklist.c: 226	7.80e+06 0.1%	7.80e+06 0.1%	8.75e+01	1.25e+01
inlined from RecChannel.h: 349	7.91e+06 0.1%	7.48e+06 0.1%	8.68e+01	1.32e+01
inlined from InjGroup.h: 191	3.42e+06 0.1%	3.38e+06 0.1%	8.69e+01	1.31e+01
inlined from Fifo.h: 195	2.89e+06 0.0%	2.89e+06 0.0%	8.69e+01	1.31e+01
inlined from InjGroup.h: 161	2.78e+06 0.0%	2.78e+06 0.0%	8.69e+01	1.31e+01
loop at par_coarsen.c: 838	2.17e+06 0.0%	2.17e+06 0.0%	8.75e+01	1.25e+01
loop at par_coarsen.c: 1019	1.87e+06 0.0%	1.87e+06 0.0%	8.75e+01	1.25e+01

Pinpointing and Quantifying Scalability Bottlenecks

