Machine learning & Deep learning at ALCF

Elise Jennings

Data Science Group

ejennings@anl.gov

Outline

- Data Science Program
- Highlight ADSP projects
- ML, DL & workflow software
- Other research projects



ALCF Data Science Program (ADSP)

- "Big Data" science that require the scale and performance of leadership computing
- Projects cover a wide variety of application domains that span computational, experimental and observational sciences
- Focus on data science techniques including but not limited to statistics, machine learning, deep learning, Uncertainty Quantification, image processing, graph analytics, complex and interactive workflows





ALCF Data Science Program (ADSP)

- Two-year proposal period. Pls required to fill out a renewal application for each allocation period of the award.
- Proposals will target science and software technology scaling for data science
- Projects need high potential impact, data scale readiness, diversity of science domains and algorithms, emphasis on projects that can use the architectural features of Theta

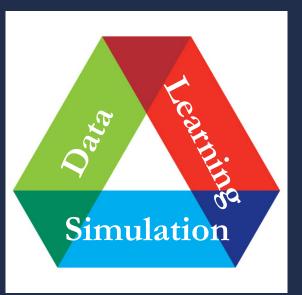






Data

- Experimental/observational data
- Image analysis
- Multidimensional structure discovery
- Complex and interactive workflows
- On-demand HPC
- Persistent data techniques
- Object store
- Databases
- Streaming/real-time data
- Uncertainty quantification
- Statistical methods
- Graph analytics



Learning

- Deep learning
- Machine learning steering simulations
- Parameter scans
- Materials design
- Observational signatures
- Data-driven models and refinement for science using ML/DL
- Hyperparameter optimization
- Pattern recognition
- Bridging gaps in theory













Tom Uram

Venkat Vishwanath

Taylor Childers

Murat Keceli

Elise Jennings

Alvaro Vazquez Mayagoitia



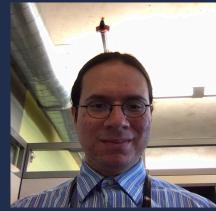
Adrian Pope



Misha Salim



Prasanna Balaprakash



Antonio Villarreal



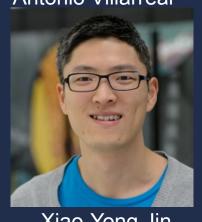
William Scullin



Huihuo Zheng

datascience@alcf.anl.gov





Xiao-Yong Jin



Ganesh Sivaraman





Cosmology: Deep Learning at Scale for Multimessenger Astrophysics through the NCSA-Argonne Collaboration

Pls: Huerta, Zhao, Haas, Saxton (NCSA)

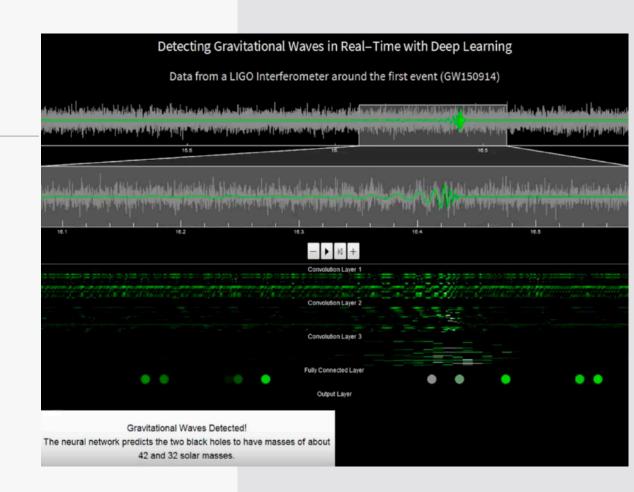
Novel data-parallel deep learning to fuse HPC and Al for MultiMessenger Astrophysics (MMA).

Very important topic in modern Cosmology.

Update methods on both the gravitational wave (LIGO) and optical transient (LSST) domains.

Novel visualization of Neural Networks for interpretability.

An overarching goal is to enable the discovery of multi-messenger sources in real-time and at scale.





Materials: Machine learning magnetic properties of van der Waals heterostructures

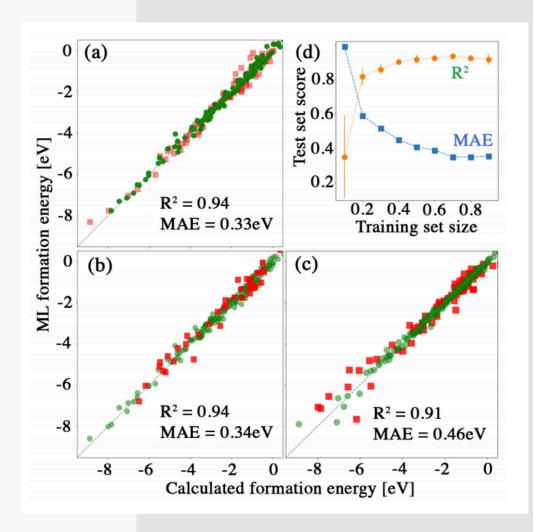
Pls: Kaxiras, Rhone (Harvard)

Use of high-throughput VASP calculations on HPC resources to train ML models for predicting magnetic properties in novel 2D materials.

Will improve understanding of magnetism in 2D materials, high impact on spintronics, data storage devices.

Novel training ML models on-the-fly useful for coupled simulation-learning workflows across all science domains, materials community.

Potentially accelerate material discovery & research in electronics industry





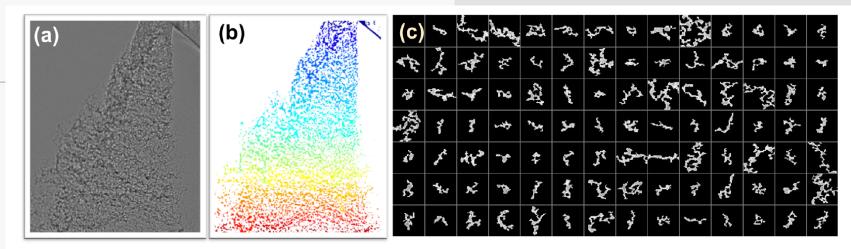
Imaging: Developing High-Fidelity Dynamic and Ultrafast X-Ray Imaging Tools for APS-Upgrade

Pls: Jin Wang et al(APS, ANL)

Real time analysis of APS data at ALCF, CFD simulations & development of deep NN.

Suite of tools will enable real time imaging analysis and improve our understanding of structure, kinetics, dynamics of materials and highly transient processes.

High impact and beneficial to APS users as well as the general scattering community



Initial processing of cavitating flow visualized by ultrafast X-ray imaging (a) normalized image. (b) Image segmentation (c). Isolated patterns.

Imaging: X-ray microscopy of extended 3D objects: scaling towards the future

Pls: Chris Jacobsen, Wild, Nashed (ANL, Northwestern)

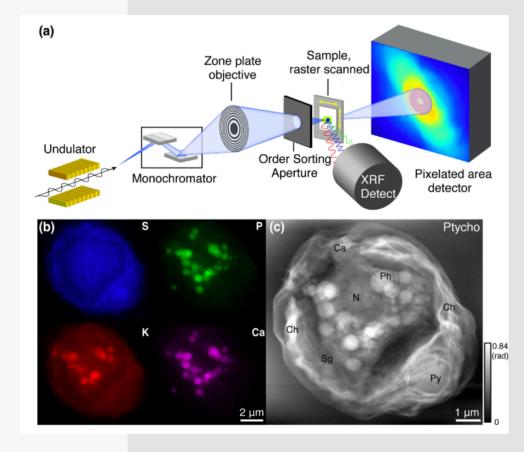
Enable high resolution X-ray imaging for thick specimens going beyond pure projection approximation using novel modeling/optimization techniques.

Apply this reconstruction to eukaryotic cells (sub 20nm) and brain tissue imaging (synapse-level detail at the 10-40nm).

APS-U data sizes require leadership class systems.

Improve our understanding of integrated circuits fabrication and defects, and neuroanatomical structures.

Open source code to users at the APS and other lightsources





Data Science software @ ALCF

- ML/DL, Data analysis, python, containers
- Workflows: Balsam
- Data transfer and management: Globus and Petrel
- Hyperparameter optimization: Deep Hyper
- Interpretability and Uncertainty Quantification in DL/ML: TFP

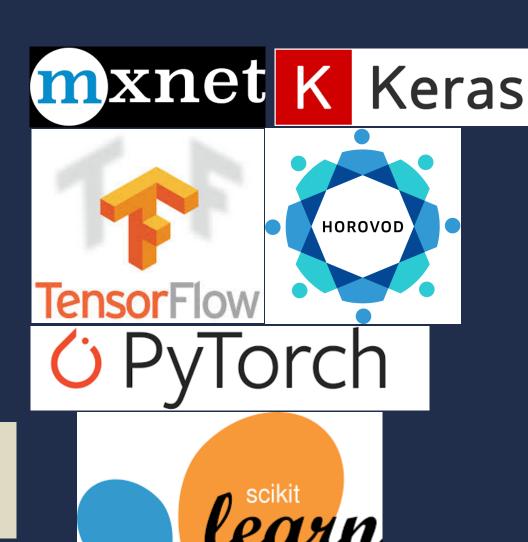
Machine Learning, Deep Learning & Workflow software

ML/DL:

- TensorFlow, Keras, Neon, MXNet, Caffe2, Theano, CNTK, PyTorch, Sci-kit Learn, Graph Analytics (Cray Graph Engine), Horovod
- With performance libraries e.g. Intel MKL, MKL-DNN, LibXSMM enabled
- Intel optimized Tensorflow
- Conda package on Theta
- Intel Distribution for Python's optimized numpy

module load

datascience/horovod-0.13.11 datascience/keras-2.2.2 datascience/pytorch-0.5.0-mkldnn datascience/tensorflow-1.4 datascience/tensorflow-1.6 datascience/tensorflow-1.10



Machine Learning, Deep Learning & Workflow software

Containers

- Singularity container solution for application science workloads.
- Environment imported into container
 - **Data Analysis**
- MongoDB, Apache Spark, R
 - **Python**
- Intel and Cray modules on Theta
- ALCF alcfpython/2.7.14-20180131
- Conda modules
- Jupyter Hub



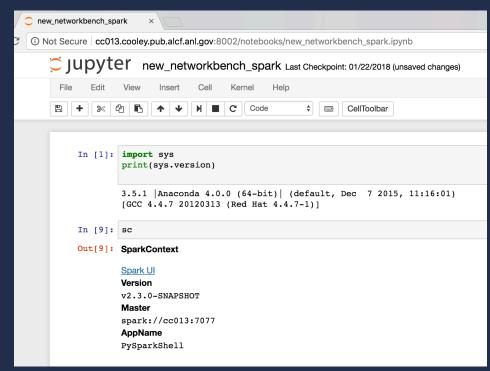


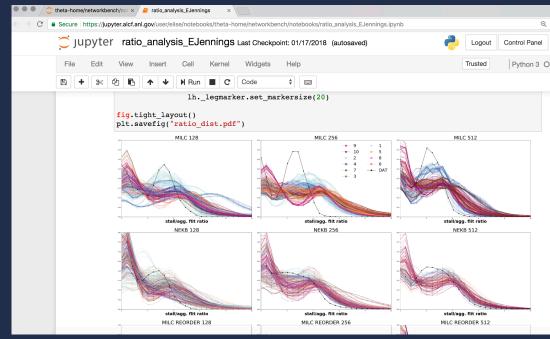


Jupyter Hub



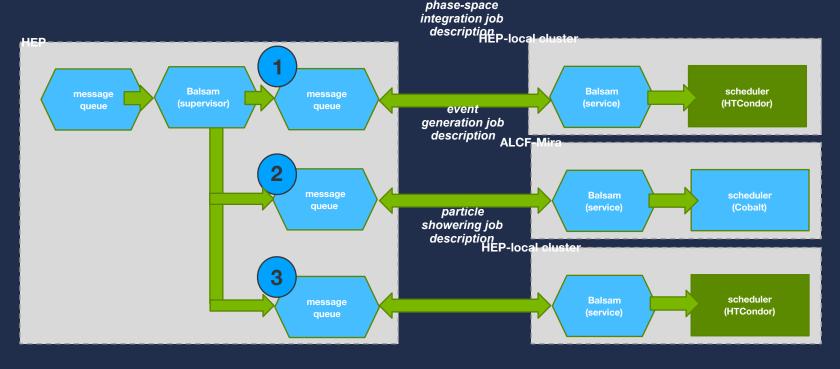
- Interactive computing environment for Python and R users.
- Login jupyter.alcf.anl.gov/theta
- Access to Theta /home and /projects folders
- You can submit jobs to Theta queues. (Run !qsub myjob.sh on a cell)
- Default Jupyter kernel is Python 3.
- Create custom conda enviroments to install any Python module and use custom kernels. Sample Jupyter notebooks /projects/datascience/jupyter
- Note: if you login to jupyter.alcf.anl.gov (without /theta), then you get access to Cooley projects folder not Theta and your jobs will run on Cooley. (This will change in the future)





Workflow manager: Balsam

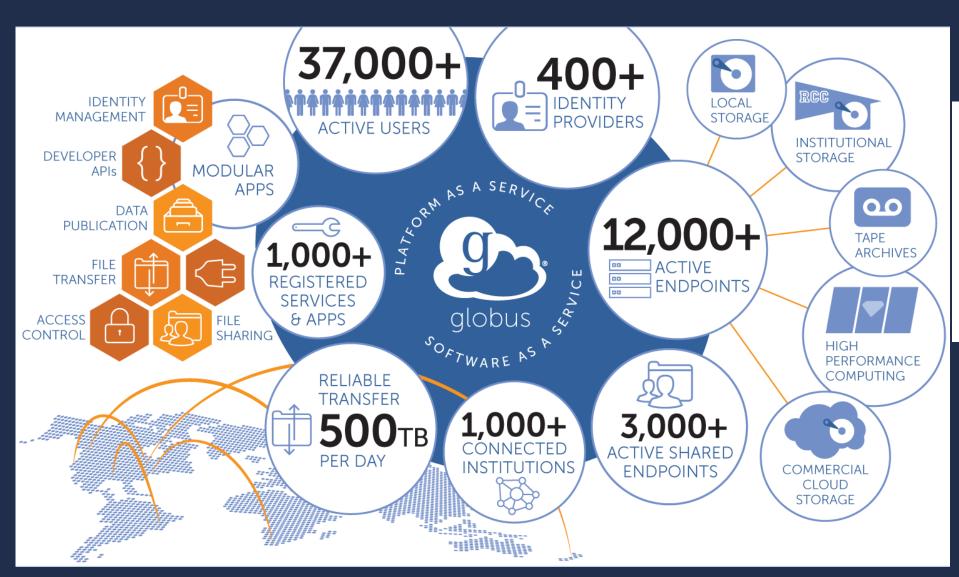
- Project run by the ALCF Data Science group, to optimize workflow execution on ALCF systems
- Users can easily describe a large campaign of jobs to be run, with varying sizes and interdependencies, and let Balsam manage flowing the jobs out to the target systems
- Delivered >150M Core hours for production science on ALCF systems
- The ATLAS experiment has used Balsam to run hundreds of millions of compute hours of event generation jobs on ALCF systems.



https://www.alcf.anl.gov/balsam

Balsam is a workflow manager that simplifies the task of running large-scale job campaigns on ALCF resources while minimizing user involvement and improving productivity.

Data transfer: Globus



ALCF Globus Endpoints

- Theta: alcf#dtn_theta
- Mira: alcf#dtn_mira
- Cetus: alcf#dtn_mira
- Tukey: alcf#dtn_mira
- Vesta: alcf#dtn_vesta
- HPSS: alcf#dtn_hpss

Data management and sharing: Petrel

PROJECT FROM THE PROJECT OF THE PROJ

Instrument facility (APS)



Compute (ALCF, LCRC)



Manage fermissions





Search & discovery via portal

Modern Research Data Portal

Share with collaborators





http://petrel.alcf.anl.gov



Petrel by the numbers (2017)

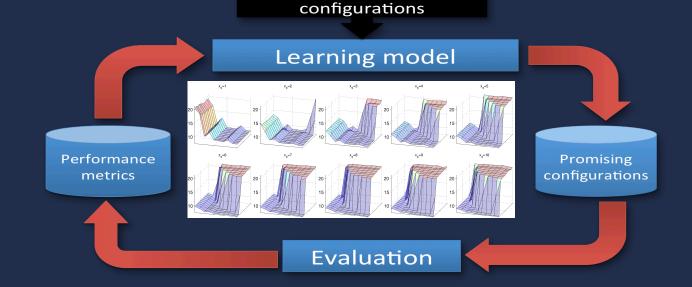
1.4 PB 31 106 Million projects files moved data stored 372 TB 320 2.2 PB total users largest project transferred 110 users of 100TB allocation/ 12,000 transfer tasks single project project



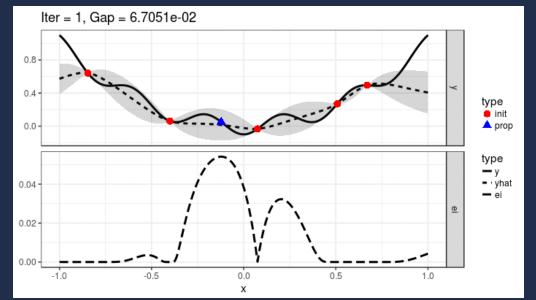
Hyperparameter Optimization: Deep Hyper

Example Surrogate Model Fitted to Sampled Performance (iterative refinement improves the learning model)

- Hyperparameter optimization is of paramount importance for deep learning for science. Key data science workload on exascale systems
- Search iteratively refines a model in promising input region (based on expected improvement)
 - **General framework:**
- Initialization phase using Random or Latin hypercube sampling
- Iterative phase wherein we fit a model and sample using this model
- Genetic Algorithm, Gaussian processes, random forest and xgboost algorithms are used for building models.



Unevaluated parameter

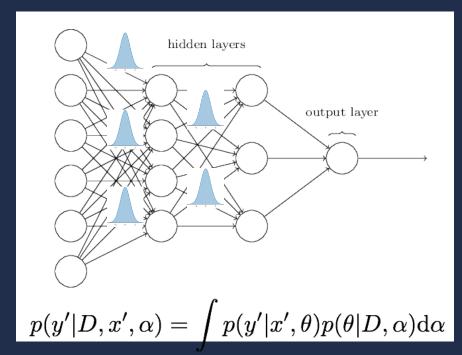


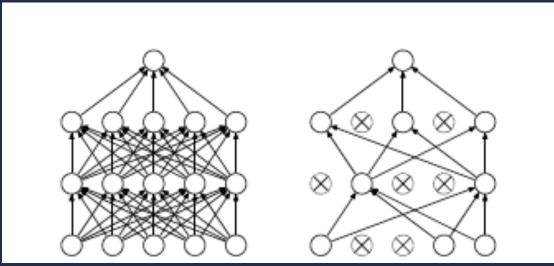


Uncertainty Quantification in deep learning:

- **Bayesian Neural Networks**
- Marginalization over hyperparameters
- More robust to overfitting
- Regularization = choice of prior
- Model comparison via Bayesian Evidence

- **Dropout**
- Prob p to drop weights from network at training time
- Averaging exponentially many models with shared weights
- Each model is equally weighted
- Fast to use at train and test time

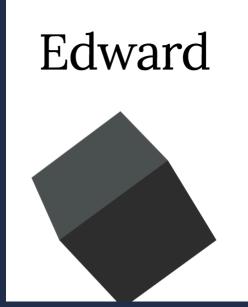




Uncertainty Quantification in deep learning:

Software:

- Tensorflow Probability for probabilistic reasoning and statistical analysis in TensorFlow.
- Tensorflow Distributions
- tf.layers extended to probabilistic layers
- Loss function=log Prob of Likelihood + log Prob Prior
- Many methods for inference: MCMC, VI, HMC…

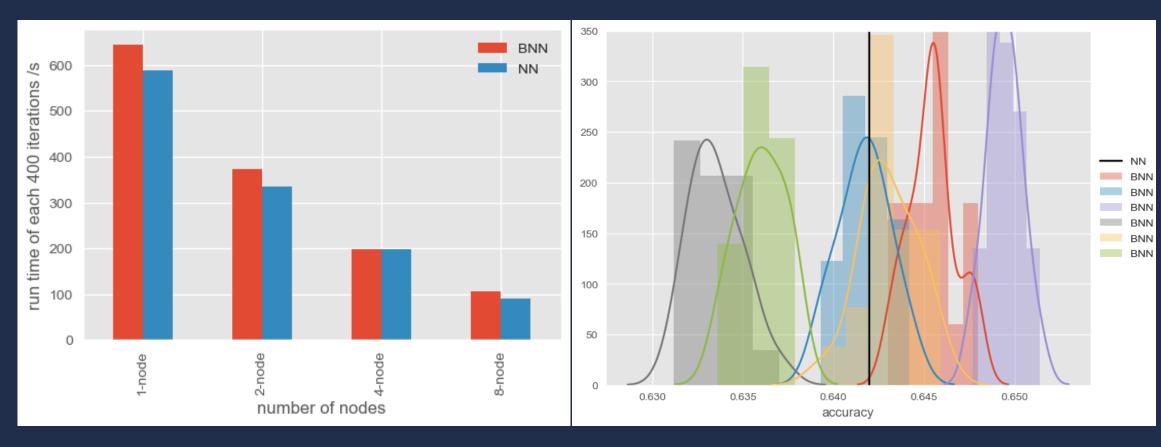






Results on Theta:

- Data: CIFAR10
- Architecture: Convolutional layer (32 kernels w/ size 3 by 3) + Max pooling (size 2 by 2) + fully connected



Thank you!

datascience@alcf.anl.gov

⊘ADSP

ALCF Data Science Program



